

# Scan Report

November 15, 2016

## Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone “Coordinated Universal Time”, which is abbreviated “UTC”. The task was “Immediate scan of IP 192.168.1.1,192.168.1.147,192.168.1.159,192.168.1.174,192.168.1.199,192.168.1.220,192.168.1.221,192.168.1.222,192.168.1.223,192.168.1.224,192.168.1.225,192.168.1.226,192.168.1.227,192.168.1.228,192.168.1.229,192.168.1.230,192.168.1.231,192.168.1.232,192.168.1.233,192.168.1.234,192.168.1.235,192.168.1.236,192.168.1.237,192.168.1.238,192.168.1.239,192.168.1.240,192.168.1.241,192.168.1.242,192.168.1.243,192.168.1.244,192.168.1.245,192.168.1.246,192.168.1.247,192.168.1.248,192.168.1.249,192.168.1.250,192.168.1.251,192.168.1.252,192.168.1.253,192.168.1.254,192.168.1.255”. The scan started at Tue Nov 15 14:53:33 2016 UTC and ended at Tue Nov 15 14:57:20 2016 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Result Overview</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Results per Host</b>	<b>2</b>
2.1	192.168.1.1 . . . . .	2
2.1.1	Low general/tcp . . . . .	2
2.1.2	Log 3128/tcp . . . . .	3
2.1.3	Log general/CPE-T . . . . .	7
2.1.4	Log general/tcp . . . . .	7

## 1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
<a href="#">192.168.1.1</a>	0	0	1	10	0
Total: 1	0	0	1	10	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are on. When a result has an override, this report uses the threat of the override.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

It only lists hosts that produced issues.

Issues with the threat level “Debug” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “False Positive” are not shown.

This report contains all 11 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 14 results.

## 2 Results per Host

### 2.1 192.168.1.1

Host scan start Tue Nov 15 14:53:42 2016 UTC

Host scan end Tue Nov 15 14:57:20 2016 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
<a href="#">general/tcp</a>	Low
<a href="#">3128/tcp</a>	Log
<a href="#">general/CPE-T</a>	Log
<a href="#">general/tcp</a>	Log

#### 2.1.1 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6) NVT: TCP timestamps
<p><b>Summary</b> The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> It was detected that the host implements RFC1323.</p>
<p><b>Impact</b> A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed. ... continues on next page ...</p>

...continued from previous page ...

### Solution

**Solution type:** Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled'  
Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled.  
The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is, to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.  
See also: <http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152>

### Affected Software/OS

TCP/IPv4 implementations that implement RFC1323.

### Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

Details:TCP timestamps

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091

Version used: \$Revision: 4408 \$

### References

Other:

URL:<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt>

[\[ return to 192.168.1.1 \]](#)

## 2.1.2 Log 3128/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: HTTP Proxy Server Detection

### Summary

A HTTP proxy server is running at this Host and accepts unauthenticated requests from the OpenVAS Scanner.

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

### Solution

**Solution type:** Mitigation

Limit access to the proxy to valid users and/or valid hosts.

... continues on next page ...

...continued from previous page ...

**Vulnerability Insight**

An open proxy is a proxy server that is accessible by any Internet user. Generally, a proxy server allows users within a network group to store and forward Internet services such as DNS or web pages to reduce and control the bandwidth used by the group. With an open proxy, however, any user on the Internet is able to use this forwarding service.

**Log Method**

Details:HTTP Proxy Server Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100083

Version used: \$Revision: 3467 \$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: HTTP Server type and version

**Summary**

This detects the HTTP Server's type and version.

**Vulnerability Detection Result**

The remote web server type is :  
squid/3.1.10

**Solution****Log Method**

Details:HTTP Server type and version

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10107

Version used: \$Revision: 3564 \$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: DIRB (NASL wrapper)

**Summary**

This script uses DIRB to find directories and files on web applications via brute forcing. See the preferences section for configuration options.

**Vulnerability Detection Result**

This are the directories/files found with brute force:  
http://192.168.1.1:3128/

**Log Method**

Details:DIRB (NASL wrapper)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103079

Version used: \$Revision: 4290 \$

Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services
<p><b>Summary</b></p> <p>This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b></p> <p>A web server is running on this port</p>
<p><b>Log Method</b></p> <p>Details:Services  OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330  Version used: \$Revision: 3923 \$</p>

Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services
<p><b>Summary</b></p> <p>This routine attempts to guess which service is running on the remote ports. For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b></p> <p>An HTTP proxy is running on this port</p>
<p><b>Log Method</b></p> <p>Details:Services  OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330  Version used: \$Revision: 3923 \$</p>

Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Info / Options concerning CGI Scanning
<p><b>Summary</b></p> <p>The script prints out various options and the directories used when CGI scanning is enabled.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b></p> <p>The host seems to be NOT able to host PHP scripts.  The host seems to be NOT able to host ASP scripts.  The following directories are used for CGI scanning:  http://192.168.1.1:3128/cgi-bin  http://192.168.1.1:3128/scripts  http://192.168.1.1:3128/</p>
... continues on next page ...

...continued from previous page ...

**Vulnerability Insight**

The information printed out is based on the following scripts / settings:

- Web mirroring / webmirror.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10662)
- Various OS fingerprinting methods

**Log Method**

Details:Info / Options concerning CGI Scanning

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111038

Version used: \$Revision: 4334 \$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Nikto (NASL wrapper)

**Summary**

This plugin uses nikto(1) to find weak CGI scripts and other known issues regarding web server security. See the preferences section for configuration options.

**Vulnerability Detection Result**

Here is the Nikto report:

- Nikto v2.1.6

```
-----
+ Target IP:          192.168.1.1
+ Target Hostname:   192.168.1.1
+ Target Port:       3128
+ Start Time:        2016-11-15 14:55:31 (GMT0)
-----
```

```
-----
+ Server: No banner retrieved
+ The anti-clickjacking X-Frame-Options header is not present.
+ The X-XSS-Protection header is not defined. This header can hint to the user a
↳gent to protect against some forms of XSS
+ The X-Content-Type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent
↳to render the content of the site in a different fashion to the MIME type
+ All CGI directories 'found', use '-C none' to test none
+ 26172 requests: 0 error(s) and 3 item(s) reported on remote host
+ End Time:          2016-11-15 14:57:19 (GMT0) (108 seconds)
-----
```

```
-----
+ 1 host(s) tested
-----
```

**Log Method**

Details:Nikto (NASL wrapper)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.14260

Version used: \$Revision: 4288 \$

Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Squid Proxy Server Detection
<p><b>Summary</b>            Detection of installed version of squid.            This script sends HTTP GET request and try to get the version from the response, and sets the result in KB.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b>            Detected Squid Proxy Server            Version: 3.1.10            Location: 3128/tcp            CPE: cpe:/a:squid-cache:squid:3.1.10            Concluded from version identification result:            Server: squid/3.1.10</p>
<p><b>Log Method</b>            Details:Squid Proxy Server Detection            OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900611            Version used: \$Revision: 2554 \$</p>

[\[ return to 192.168.1.1 \]](#)

### 2.1.3 Log general/CPE-T

Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: CPE Inventory
<p><b>Summary</b>            This routine uses information collected by other routines about CPE identities (<a href="http://cpe.mitre.org/">http://cpe.mitre.org/</a>) of operating systems, services and applications detected during the scan.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b>            192.168.1.1 cpe:/a:squid-cache:squid:3.1.10</p>
<p><b>Log Method</b>            Details:CPE Inventory            OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810002            Version used: \$Revision: 2837 \$</p>

[\[ return to 192.168.1.1 \]](#)

### 2.1.4 Log general/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)  
NVT: Traceroute

**Summary**

A traceroute from the scanning server to the target system was conducted. This traceroute is provided primarily for informational value only. In the vast majority of cases, it does not represent a vulnerability. However, if the displayed traceroute contains any private addresses that should not have been publicly visible, then you have an issue you need to correct.

**Vulnerability Detection Result**

Here is the route from 10.20.232.41 to 192.168.1.1:

10.20.232.41

192.168.1.1

**Solution**

Block unwanted packets from escaping your network.

**Log Method**

Details:Traceroute

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.51662

Version used: \$Revision: 4048 \$

[\[ return to 192.168.1.1 \]](#)

---

This file was automatically generated.